M.Sc. CHEMISTRY (FOUR SEMESTER COURSE)

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

M.Sc. (Previous)

SEMESTER I

Paper	Course No.	Course	Hrs	Marks
Paper I	MCH-401	Inorganic Chemistry I	60	50
Paper II	MCH-402	Organic Chemistry I	60	50
Paper III	MCH-403	Physical Chemistry I	60	50
Paper IV	MCH-404	Group Theory & Spectroscopy I	60	50
Paper V	MCH-405	a) Mathematics for Chemists*	60	50
1		b) Biology for Chemists**	60	50
Practical		<i>,</i> <u>,</u>	270	100
Total Marl	ks			350

* For student without Mathematics in B.Sc.

** For student without Biology in B.Sc.

SEMESTER II

Paper	Course No.	Course	Hrs	Marks
Paper VI	MCH-406	Inorganic Chemistry II	60	50
Paper VII	MCH-407	Organic Chemistry II	60	50
Paper VIII	MCH-408	Physical Chemistry II	60	50
Paper IX	MCH-409	Spectroscopy II	60	50
Paper X	MCH-410	Computers for Chemists	60	50
Practical		1	270	100
Total Mark	s			350

M.Sc. (Final)

SEMESTER III

Paper	Course No.	Course	Hrs	Marks
Paper XI	MCH-501	Applications of Spectroscopy		
		(Inorganic Chemistry)	60	50
Paper XII	MCH-502	Photochemistry	60	50

Paper XIII Paper XIV Paper XV	MCH-503	Biochemistry Elective Paper Elective Paper	60 60 60	50 50 50
Practical			270	100
Total Marks				350

SEMESTER IV

Paper	Course No.	Course	Hrs	Mark
Paper XVI	MCH-504	Applications of Spectroscopy		
1		(Organic Chemistry)	60	50
Paper XVII	MCH-505	Solid State Chemistry	60	50
Paper XVIII	MCH-506	Environmental Chemistry	60	50
Paper XIX		Elective Paper	60	50
Paper XX		Elective Paper	60	50
Practical			270	100*
Total Marks				350

Grant Total Marks M.Sc. (Previous & Final)

1400

* Instead of laboratory work, student may performed Project work/Industrial Training.

The following elective papers are approved for M.Sc. II year course.

MCH-601: Organotransition Metal Chemistry.

- MCH-602: Polymers
- MCH-603: Organic Synthesis
- MCH-604: Heterocylic Chemistry
- MCH-605: Chemistry of Natural Products
- MCH-606: Analytical Chemistry
- MCH-607: Physical Organic Chemistry
- MCH-608: Electrochemistry
- MCH-609: Medicinal Chemistry

SEMESTER I

Paper-I MCH-401: INORGANIC CHEMISTRY I

Unit-I

Stereochemistry and Bonding in Main Group Compounds :

VSEPR, Walsh diagram (triatomic and penta-atomic molecules), $d\pi$ -p π bond, Bent rule and energetics of hybridization, some simple reactions of covalently bonded molecules.

Unit-II

Metal-Ligand Equilibrium in Solution

Stepwise and overall formation constants and their interaction, trends in stepwise constant, factors affecting the stability of metal complexes with reference to the nature of metal ion and ligand. Chelate effect and its thermodynamic origin, determination of binary formation constants by potentiometry and spectrophotometry.

Unit-III

Reaction Mechanism of Transition Metal Complexes

Energy profile of a reaction, reactivity of metal complex, inert and labile complexes, kinetic application of valence bond and crystal field theories, kinetics of octahedral substitution, acid hydrolysis, factors affecting acid hydrolysis, base hydrolysis, conjugate base mechanism, direct and indirect evidences in favour of conjugate mechanism, anion reactions, reactions without metal ligand bond cleavage. Substitution reactions in square planar complexes, the trans effect, mechanism of the substitution reaction. Redox reaction, electron transfer reactions, mechanism of one electron transfer reactions, outer sphere type reactions, cross reactions and Marcus-Hush theory, inner sphere type reactions.

Unit-IV

Metal-Ligand bonding

Limitation of crystal field theory, molecular orbital theory for bonding in octahedral, tetrahedral and square planar complexes, π -bonding and molecular orbital theory.

Unit-V

HSAB Theory : Classification of acids and bases as hard and soft; HSAB principle, theoretical basis of hardness and softness; Lewis-acid base reactivity approximation; donor and acceptor numbers, E and C equation; applications of HSAB concept.

Books Suggested :

- 1. Advanced Inorganic Chemistry, F.A. Cotton and Wilkinson, John Wiley.
- 2. Inorganic Chemistry, J.E. Huhey, Harpes & Row.
- 3. Chemistry of the Elements. N.N. Greenwood and A. Earnshow, Pergamon.
- 4. Inorganic Electronic Spectroscopy, A.B.P. Lever, Elsevier.
- 5. Magnetiochemistry, R.1. Carlin, Springer Verlag.
- 6. Comprehensive Coordiantion Chemistry eds., G. Wilkinson, R.D. Gillars and J.A. Mc Cleverty, Pergamon.

Paper-II MCH-402: ORGANIC CHEMISTRY I

Unit-I

Nature of Bonding in Organic Molecules

Delocalized bonding-conjugation, chemical cross conjugation, resonance hyperconjugation, bonding in fullerences, tautomerism. Aromaticity in benzenoid and non-benzoid compounds, alternate and non-alternate hydrocarbons. Huckel's rule, energy. Level of π -molecular orbitals, annulenes, anti-aromaticity, homo-aromaticity, PMO approach. Bonds weaker than covalent-addition compounds, crown ether complexs and cryptands, inclusion compounds, catenanes and rotaxanes.

Unit-II

Stereochemistry

Strain due to unavoidable crowding Elements of symmetry, chirality, molecules with more than one chiral center, threo and ertythro isomers, methods of resolution, optical purity, enantiotopic and diastereotopic atoms, groups and faces, stereospecific and stereoselective synthesis, Asymmetric synthesis. Optical activity in the absence of chiral carbon (biphenyls, allenes and spirane chirallity due to helical shape. Stereochemistry of the compounds containing nitrogen, sulphur and phosphorus.

Unit III

Conformational analysis and linear free energy relationship

Conformational analysis of cycloalkanes, decalines, effect of conformation on reactivity, conformation of sugars.

Generation, structure, stability and reactivity of carbocations, carbanions, free radicals, carbenes and nitrenes. The Hammett equation and linear free energy relationship, substituents and reaction constants, Taft equation.

Unit-IV

Reaction Mechanism : Structure and Reactivity

Type of mechanisms, types of reactions, thermodynamic and kinetic requirements, kinetic and thermodynamic control, Hammond's postulate, Curtir-Hammett principle. Potential energy diagrams, transition states and intermediates, methods of determining mechanisms, isotopes effects

Unit-V

Aliphatic Nucleophilic Substitution

The SN2, SN1 mixed SN1 and SN2 and SET mechanism. The neighboring group mechanism, neighboring group participation by p and s bonds, anchimeric assistance.

Classical and nonclassical carbocations, phenomium ions, norborynl systems, common carbocation rearrangements. Application of NMR spectroscopy in the detection of carbocations. The SN1 mechanism. Nucleophilic substitution at an allylic, aliphatic trigonal and a vinylic carbon. Reactivity effects of substrate structure, attacking nucleophile, leaving group and reaction medium, phase transfer catalysis and ultrasound, ambident nucleophile, regioselectivity.

Book Suggested

- 1. Advanced Organic Chemistry-Reactions, Mechanism and Structure, Jerry March, John Wiley.
- 2. Advanced Organic Chemistry, F.A. Carey and R.J. Sunderg, Plenum.
- 3. A Guide Book to Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, Peter Sykes, Longman.
- 4. Structure and Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, C.K. Ingold, Comell University Press.
- 5. Organic Chemistry, R.T. Morrison and R.N. Boyd, Prentice-Hall.
- 6. Modern Organic Reactions, H.O. House, Benjamin.
- 7. Principles of Organic Synthesis, R.O.C. Norman and J.M. Coxon, Blackie Academic & Professionsl.
- 8. Reaction Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, S.M. Mukherji and S.P. Singh, Macmillan.
- 9. Pericyclic Reactions, S.M. Mukherji, Macmillan, India
- 10. Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds, D.Nasipuri, New Age International.
- 11. Stereochemisty of Organic Compounds, P.S. Kalsi, New Age International.

Paper-III MCH-403: PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY I

Unit-I

Introduction to Exact Quantum Mechanical Results

Schrödinger equation and the postulates of quantum mechanics. Discussion of solutions of the Schrödinger equation to some model systems viz., particle in a box, the harmonic oscillator, the rigid rotor, the hydrogen atom and helium atom.

Unit-II

Approximate Methods

The variation theorem, linear variation principle. Perturbation theory (First order and nondegenerate). Applications of variation method and perturbation theory to the Helium atom.

Molecular Orbital Theory

Huckel theory of conjugated systems bond and charge density calculations. Applications to ethylene, butadiene, cyclopropenyl radical cyclobutadiene etc. Introduction to extended Huckel theory.

UNIT III

Angular Momentum

Ordinary angular momentum, generalized angular momentum, eigenfuctions for angular momentum, eigenvalues of angular momentum operator using ladder operators addition of angular momenta, spin, antisymmetry and Pauli exclusion principle.

Unit-IV

Classical Thermodynamics

Brief resume of concepts of laws of thermodynamics, free energy, chemical potential and entropies. Partial molar free energy, partial molar volume and partial molar heat content and their significance. Determinations of these quantities. Concept of fugacity and determination of fugacity. Non-ideal systems : Excess function s for non-ideal solutions. Activity, activity coefficient, Debye Huckel theory for activity coefficient fo electrolytic solutions; determination of activity and activity coefficients; ionic strength. Application of phase rule to three component systems; second order phase transitions.

Unit-V

Statistical Thermodynamics

Concept of distribution, thermodynamic probability and most probable distribution. Ensemble averaging, postulates of ensemble averaging. Canonical, grand canonical and micro-canonical ensembles, corresponding distribution laws (using Lagrange's method of undetermined multipliers). Partition functions-translation, rotational, vibrational and electronic partition functions, Calculation of thermodynamic properties in terms of partition. Application of partition functions. Fermi-Dirac Statistics, distribution law and applications to metal. Bose-Einstein statistics distribution Law and application to helium.

Books Suggested

- 1. Physical Chemistry, P.W. Atkins, ELBS.
- 2. Introduction to Quantum Chemistyry, A.K. Chandra, Tata Mc Graw Hill.
- 3. Quantum Chemistry, Ira N. Levine, Prentice Hall.
- 4. Coulson's Valence, R.Mc Ween y, ELBS.
- 5. Chemical Kinetics. K.J. Laidler, McGraw-Hill.
- 6. Kinetics and Mechanism of Chemical Transformation J.Rajaraman and J. Kuriacose, Mc Millan.
- 7. Micelles, Theoretical and Applied Aspects, V. MOraoi, Plenum.
- 8. Modern Electrochemistry Vol. 1 and Vol II J.O.M. Bockris and A.K.N. Reddy, Planum.
- 9. Introduction to Polymer Science, V.R. Gowarikar, N.V. Vishwanathan and J. Sridhar, Wiley Eastern.
- 10. Introduction to Quantum Chemistry-R.K. Prasad, New Age Publication.

Paper-IV MCH-404: Group Theory & Spectroscopy I

Unit-I

Symmetry and Group theory in Chemistry

Symmetry elements and symmetry operation, definition of group, subgroup. Conjugacy relation and classes. Point symmetry group. Schonfilies symbols, representations of groups by matrices (representation for the C_n , C_{nv} , C_{nh} , D_{nh} group to be worked out explicity). Character of a representation. The great orthogonality theorem (without proof) and its importance. Character tables and their use; spectroscopy. Derivation of character table for C_{2v} and C_{3v} point group Symmetry aspects of molecular vibrations of H₂O molecule.

Unit-II

Microwave Spectroscopy

Classification of molecules, rigid rotor model, effect of isotopic substitution on the transition frequencies, intensities, non-rigid rotor. Stark effect, nuclear and electron spin interaction and effect of external field. applications.

Unit-III

Infrared-Spectroscopy

Review of linear harmonic oscillator, vibrational energies of diatomic molecules, zero point energy, force constant and bond strengths; anharmonicity, Morse potential energy diagram, vibration-rotation spectroscopy. P.Q.R. branches, Breakdown of Oppenheimer approximation; vibrations of polyatomic molecules. Selection rules, normal modes of vibration, group frequencies, overtones, hot bands, factors affecting the band positions and intensities, far IR region, metal ligand vibrations, normal co-ordinate analysis.

Unit-IV

Raman Spectroscopy

Classical and quantum theories of Raman effect. Pure rotational, vibrational and vibrational-rotational Raman spectra, selection rules, mutual exclusion principle, Resonance Raman spectroscopy, coherent anti stokes Raman spectroscopy (CARS).

Unit-V

Electronic Spectroscopy

Molecular Spectroscopy

Energy levels, molecular orbitals, vibronic transitions, vibrational progressions and geometry of the excited states, Franck-Condon principle, electronic spectra of polyatomic molecules. Emission spectra; radio-active and non-radioactive decay, internal conversion, spectra of transition metal complexes, charge-transfer spectra.

Photoelectron Spectroscopy

Basic principles; photo-electric effect, ionization process, Koopman's theorem.

Photoelectron spectra of simple molecules, ESCA, chemical information from ESCA. Auger electron spectroscopy-basic idea.

Books suggested

- 1. Modern Spectroscopy, J.M. Hollas, John Viley.
- 2. Applied Electron Spectroscopy for chemical analysis d. H. Windawi and F.L. Ho, Wiley Interscience.
- 3. NMR, NQR, EPr and Mossbauer Spectroscopy in Inorganic Chemistry, R.V. Parish, Ellis Harwood.
- 4. Physical Methods in Chemistry, R.S. Drago, Saunders College.
- 5. Chemical Applications of Group Theory, F.A. Cotton.
- 6. Introduction to Molecular Spectroscopy, G.M. Barrow, Mc Graw Hill.
- 7. Basic Principles of Spectroscopy, R. Chang, Mc Graw Hill.
- 8. Theory and Application of UV Spectroscopy, H.H. Jaffe and M. Orchin, IBH-Oxford.
- 9. Introduction to Photoelectron Spectroscopy, P.K. Ghosh, John Wiley.
- 10. Introduction to Magnetic Resonance. A Carrington and A.D. Maclachalan, Harper & Row.

Paper-V MCH-405 (a) : MATHEMATICS FOR CHEMISTS

(For students without Mathematics in B.Sc.)

Unit-I

Vectors

Vectors, dot, cross and triple products etc. gradient, divergence and curl, Vector Calculus. **Matrix Algebra**

Addition and multiplication; inverse, adjoint and transpose of matrices.

Unit-II

Differential Calculus

Functions, continuity and differentiability, rules for differentiation, applications of differential calculus including maxima and minima (examples related to maximally populated rotational energy levels, Bohr's radius and most probable velocity from Maxwell's distribution etc.).

Unit-III

Integral calculus

Basic rules for integration, integration by parts, partial fractions and substitution. Reduction formulae, applications of integral calculus.

Functions of several variables, partial differentiation, co-ordinate transformations (e.g. Cartesian to spherical polar).

Unit-IV

Elementary Differential equations

First-order and first degree differential equations, homogenous, exact and linear equations. Applications to chemical kinetics, secular equilibria, quantum chemistry etc. second order differential equation and their solutions.

Unit-V

Permutation and Probability

Permutations and combinations, probability and probability theorems average, variance root means square deviation examples from the kinetic theory of gases etc., fitting (including least squares fit etc with a general polynomial fit.

Book Suggested

- 1. The chemistry Mathematics Book, E.Steiner, Oxford University Press.
- 2. Mathematics for chemistry, Doggett and Suiclific, Logman.
- 3. Mathematical for Physical chemistry : F. Daniels, Mc. Graw Hill.
- 4. Chemical Mathematics D.M. Hirst, Longman.
- 5. Applied Mathematics for Physical Chemistry, J.R. Barante, Prentice Hall.
- 6. Basic Mathematics for Chemists, Tebbutt, Wiley.

Paper-V CH-405 (b) BIOLOGY FOR CHEMISTS

(For students without Biology in B.Sc.)

Unit-I

Cell Structure and Functions

Structure prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells, intracellular organelles and their functions, comparison of plant and animal cells. Ove4rview and their functions, comparison of plant and animal cells. Overview of metabolic processes-catabolism and anabolism. ATP - the biological energy currency. Origin of life-unique properties of carbon chemical evolution and rise of living systems. Introduction to bio-molecules, building blocks of bio-macromolecules.

Unit-II

Carbohydrates

Conformation of monosaccharides, structure and functions of important derivatives of mono-saccharides like glycosides, deoxy sugars, myoinositol, amino sugars. N-acetylmuramic acid, sialic acid disaccharides and polysaccharides. Structural polysaccharides cellulose and chitin. Storage polysaccharides-starch and glycogen. Structure and biological function of glucosaminoglycans of mucopolysaccharides. Carbohydrates of glycoporteins and glycolipids. Role of sugars in biological recognition. Blood group substances. Ascorbic acid.

Unit-III

Fatty acids, essential fatty acids, structure and function of triacylglycerols, glycerophospholipids, sphingolipids, cholesterol, bile acids, prostaglandins. Liproproteins-compositiion and function, role in atherosclerosis. Properties of lipid aggregates-micelles, bilayers, liposomes and their possible biological functions. Biological membranes. Fluid mosaic model of membrane structure. Lipid metabolism-boxidation of fatty acids.

Unit-IV

Amino-acids, Peptides and Proteins

Chemical and enzymatic hydrolysis of proteins to peptides, amino acid sequencing. Secondary structure of proteins. force responsible for holding of secondary structures. ahelix, -b-sheets, super secondary structure, triple helix structure of collagen. Tertiary structure of protein-folding and domina structure. Quaternary structure. Amino acid metabolism-degradation and biosynthesis of amino acids, sequence determination : chemical/enzymatic/mass spectral, racemization/detection. Chemistry of oxytocin and tryptophan releasing hormone (TRH).

Unit-V

Nucleic Acids

Purine and pyrimidine bases of nucleic acids, base pairing via Hbounding. Structure of ribonucleic acids (RNA) and deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA), double helix model of DNA and forces responsible for holding it. Chemical and enzymatic hydrolysis of nucleic acids. The chemical basis for heredity, an overview of replication of DNA, transcription, translation and genetic code. Chemical synthesis of mono and trinucleoside.

Book Suggested

- 1. Principles of Biochemistry, A.L. Lehninger, Worth Publishers.
- 2. Biochemistry, L. Stryer, W.H. Freeman.
- 3. Biochemistry, J. David Rawan, Neil Patterson.
- 4. Biochemistry, Voet and Voet, John Wiley.
- 5. Outlines of Biochemistry E.E. Conn and P.K. Stumpf, John Wiley.

PRACTICAL

(Duration: 6-8 hrs in each branch) Practical examination shall be conducted separately for each branch.

Inorganic Chemistry

Quantitative and quantitative Analysis	8
Chromatography	8
Preparation	8
Record	4
Viva Voce	5

Lipid

Qualitative and Quantitative Analysis

- a. Less common metal ions : Ti, Mo, w, Ti, Zr, Th, V, U (two metal ions in cationic/anionic forms).
- b. Insoluble- Oxides, sulphates and halides.
- c. Separation and determination of two metal ions Cu-Ni, Ni-Zn, Cu-Fe etc. involving volumetric and gravimetric methods.

Chromatography Separation of cations and anions by

Paper Chromatography.

Preparations

Preparation of selected inorganic compounds and their studies by I.R. electronic spectra, Mossbauer, E.S.R. and magnetic susceptibility measurements. Handling of air and moisture sensitive compounds.

- 1. $VO(acac)_2$
- 2. TiO(C₉H₈NO)₂H₂O
- 3. cis-K[Cr(C₂O₄)₂(H₂O)₂]
- 4. $Na[Cr(NH_3)_2(SCN)_4]$
- 5. $Ni(acac)_2$
- 6. $K_3[Fe(C_2O_4)_3]$
- 7. Prussian Blue, Turnbull's Blue.

Organic Chemistry

8	
Qualitative Analysis	12
Organic Synthesis	12
Record	4
Viva Voce	5

Qualitative Analysis

Separation, purification and identification of compounds of ternary mixture (one liquid and one solid) using TLC and columns chromatography, chemical tests. IR spectra to be used for functional group identification.

Organic Synthesis

Acetylation : Acetylation of cholesterol and separation of cholesteryl acetate by column chromatography. Oxidation : Adipic acid by chromic acid oxidation of cyclothexaneol Grignard reaction : Synthesis of triphenylmethanol from benzoic acid The Products may be Characterized by Spectral Techniques.

Physical Chemistry	
Error Analysis and Statistical Data Analysis	8
Chemical Kinetics	9
Solution	8

Record	4
Viva Voce	5

Error Analysis and Statistical Data Analysis

Errors, types of errors, minimization of errors distribution curves precision, accuracy and combination; statistical treatment for erro analysis, student 't test, null hypothesis, rejection criteria. F & Q test; linear regression analysis, curve fitting. Calibration of volumetric apparatus, burette, piette and standard flask. Adsorption To study surface tension-concentration relationship for solutions (Gibbs equation). Phase Equilibria

- i. Determination of congruent composition and temperatur5e of a binary system (e.g. diphenylamine-benzophenone system).
- ii. Determination of glass transition temperature of given salt (e.g., CaCl2) conductometrically.
- iii. To construct the phase diagram for three component system (e.g. chloroform-acetic acid-water).

Chemical Kinetics

- i. Determination of the effect of (a) Change of temperature (b) Charge of concentration of reactant and catalyst and (c) Ionic strength of the media on the velocity constant of hydrolysis of an ester/ionic reaction.
- ii. Determination of the velocity constant of hydrolysis of an ester/ionic reaction in micellar media.
- iii. Determination of the velocity constant for the oxidation of iodide ions by hydrogen peroxide study the kinetics as an iodine clock reactions.
- iv. Flowing clock reactions (Ref : Experiments in Physical Chemistry by Showmaker)
- v. Determination of the primary salt effect on the kinetics of ionic reaction and testing of the Bronsted relationship (iodide ion is oxidised by persulphate ion).
- vi. Oscillatory reaction.

Solution

Determination of molecular weight of non-volatile and electrolyte/electrolyte by cryoscopic method and to determine the activity coefficient of an electrolyte.

Determination of the degree of dissociation of weak electrolyte and to study the deviation from ideal behaviour that occurs with a strong electrolyte.

Books Suggested

- 1. Vogel's Textbook of Quantitative Analysis, revised, J. Bassett, R.C. Denney, G.H. Jeffery and J. Mendham, ELBS.
- 2. Synthesis and Characterization of Inorganic Compounds, W.L. Jolly. Prentice Hall.

- 3. Experiments and Techniques in Organic Chemistry, D.P. Pasto, C. Johnson and M. Miller, Prentice Hall.
- 4. Macroscale and Microscale Organic Experiments, K.L. Williamson, D.C. Health.
- 5. Systematic Qualitative Organic Analysis, H. Middleton, Adward Arnold.
- 6. Handbook of Organic Analysis-qualitative and Quantitative. H. Clark, Adward Arnold.
- 7. Vogel's Textbook of Practical Organic Chemistry, A.R. Tatchell, John Wiley.
- 8. Practical Physical Chemistry, A.M. James and F.E. Prichard, Longman.
- 9. Findley's Practical Physical chemistry, B.P. Levitt, Longman.
- 10. Experimental Physical Chemistry, R.C. Das and B. Behera, Tata McGraw Hill.

SEMESTER II

Paper-VI MCH-406: INORGANIC CHEMISTRY II

Unit-I

Electronic Spectral Studies of Transition Metal Complexes :

Spectroscopic ground states, correlation. Orgel and Tanabe-Sugano diagrams for transition metal complexes (d^1 - d^9 states), Selection rule for electronic spectroscopy. Intensity of various type electronic transitions. Calculations of 10Dq, B and β parameters, charge transfer spectra.

Unit-II

Magnetic Properties of Transition Metal Complexes

Anomalous magnetic moments, Quenching of Orbital contribution. Orbital contribution to magnetic moment, magnetic exchange coupling and spin crossover.

Unit-III

Metal π -Complexes

Metal carbonyl, structure and bonding, vibrational spectra of metal carbonyls for bonding and structural elucidation, important reactions of metal carbonyls; preparation, bonding structure and important reaction of transition metal nitrosyl, dinitrogen and dioxgen complexes; tertiary phosphine as ligand.

Unit-IV

Metal Clusters

Higher boranes, carboranes, metalloboranes and metallo-carboranes compounds with metal multiple bonds.

Unit-V

Optical Rotatory Dispersion and Circular Dichroism

Linearly and circularly polarized lights; optical rotatory power and circular birefringence, elipticity and circular dichroism; ORD and Cotton effect, Faraday and Kerr effects; Assignment of electronic transitions; applications of ORD and CD for the determination of (i) absolute configuration of complexes and (ii) isomerism due to non-planarity of chelate rings.

Books Suggested :

- 7. Advanced Inorganic Chemistry, F.A. Cotton and Wilkinson, John Wiley.
- 8. Inorganic Chemistry, J.E. Huhey, Harpes & Row.
- 9. Chemistry of the Elements. N.N. Greenwood and A. Earnshow, Pergamon.
- 10. Inorganic Electronic Spectroscopy, A.B.P. Lever, Elsevier.
- 11. Magnetiochemistry, R.1. Carlin, Springer Verlag.
- 12. Comprehensive Coordiantion Chemistry eds., G. Wilkinson, R.D. Gillars and J.A. Mc Cleverty, Pergamon.

Paper-VII MCH-407: ORGANIC CHEMISTRY II

Unit-I

Aromatic Electrophilic Substitution

The arenium ion mechanism, orientation and reactivity, energy profile diagrams. The ortho/para ratio, ipso attack, orientation in other ring systems. Quantitative treatment of reactivity in substrates and electrophiles. Diazonium coupling, Vilsmeir reaction, Gatterman-Koch reaction

Aromatic Nucleophilci Substitution

The SNAr SN1, benzyne and SN1 mechanism, Reactivity effect of substrate structure, leaving group and attacking nucleophile. The Von Richte. Sommelet-Hauser, and Smiles rearrangements.

Unit-II

Free Radical Reactions

types of free radical reactions, free radical substitution mechanism, mechanism at an aromatic substrate, neighbouring group assistance. Reactivity for aliphatic and aromatic substrates at a bridgehead. Reactivity in the attacking radicals. The effect of solvents on reactivity. Allylic halogenation (NBS), oxidation of aldehydes to carboyxlic acids, auto-oxidation, coupling of alkynes and arylation of aromatic compounds by diazonium salts, Sandmeyer reaction. Free radical rearrangement. Hunsdiecker reaction.

Unit III

Addition Reactions

Mechanistic and stereochemical aspects of addition reactions involving electrophiles, nucleophiles and free radicals, regio-and chemoselectivity, orientation and reactivity. Addition to cyclopropane ring. Hydrogenation of double and triple bounds, hydrogenation of aromatic rings. Hydroboration, Michael reaction, sharpless asymmetric epoxidation.

Unit-IV

Addition to Carbon-Hetero Multiple bonds

Mechanism of metal hydride reduction of saturated and unsaturated carbonyl compounds, acid esters and nitriles. Addition of Grignard reagents, organozinc and organolithium reagents to carbonyl and usaturated carbonyl compounds. Witting reaction. Mechanism of condensation reactions involving enolates-Aldol, Knoevenagel, Claisen, Mannich, Benzoin, Perkin and Stobbe reactions. Hydrolysis of esters and amides, ammonolysis of esters.

Elimination Reactions

The E2, E1 and E1 cB mechanisms and their spectrum. Orientation of the double bond. Reactitivty-effects of substrate structures, attacking base, the leavign group and the medium. Mechanism and orientation in pyrolytic elimination.

Unit-V

Pericyelic Reactions

Molecular orbital symmetry, Frontier orbitals of ethylene, 1,3-butadiene, 1,3,5-hexatriene and allyl system. Classification of periycyclic reactions. Woodward-Hoffmann correlatino diagrams. FMO and PMO approach. Electrocyclic reactions-conrotatory and disrotatory motions, 4n 4n+2 and allyl systems. Cycloadditions-antarafacial and suprafacial additions, 4n and 4n+2 systems, 2+2 addition of ketenes, 1,3 dipolar cycloadditions and cheleotrpic reactions. Sigmatropic rearrangements-suprafacial and antarafacial shifts of H, sigmatropic involving carbon moieties, 3,3- and 5,5 sigmatropic rearrangements. Claise n, Cope and aza-Cope rearrangements. Fluxional tautomerism. Ene reaction.

Book Suggested

- 12. Advanced Organic Chemistry-Reactions, Mechanism and Structure, Jerry March, John Wiley.
- 13. Advanced Organic Chemistry, F.A. Carey and R.J. Sunderg, Plenum.
- 14. A Guide Book to Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, Peter Sykes, Longman.
- 15. Structure and Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, C.K. Ingold, Comell University Press.
- 16. Organic Chemistry, R.T. Morrison and R.N. Boyd, Prentice-Hall.
- 17. Modern Organic Reactions, H.O. House, Benjamin.
- 18. Principles of Organic Synthesis, R.O.C. Norman and J.M. Coxon, Blackie Academic &* Professionsl.
- 19. Reaction Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, S.M. Mukherji and S.P. Singh, Macmillan.
- 20. Pericyclic Reactions, S.M. Mukherji, Macmillan, India
- 21. Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds, D.Nasipuri, New Age International.
- 22. Stereochemisty of Organic Compounds, P.S. Kalsi, New Age International.

Paper-VIII MCH-408: PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY II

Unit-I

Chemical Dynamics

Methods of determining rate laws, collision theory of reaction rates, steric factor, activated complex theory, Arrhenius equation and the activated complex theory; ionic reactions, kinetic salt effects, steady state kinetics, kinetic and thermodynamic control of reactions, treatment of unimolecular reactions. Dyamic chain (hydrogen-bromine reaction, pyrolysis of acetaldehyde, decomposition of ethane), photochemical (hydrogen-bromine and hydrogen-chlorine reactions) and homogenous catalysis, kinetics of enzyme reactions, general features fo fast reactions, study of fast reactions by flow method, relaxation method, flash photolysis ad the nuclear magnetic resonance method, dynamics

of unimolecular reactiosn (Lindemann Hinshelwood and Rice-Ramsperger-Kassel-Marcus (RRKM) theories for unimolecular reactions).

Unit-II

Surface Chemistry

Adsorption

Surface tension, capillary action, pressure difference across curved surface (Laplace equation), vapour pressure of droplets (Kelvin equation), Gibbs adsorption isotherm, estimation of surface area (BET equation), Surface films on liquids (Electro-kinetic phenomenon).

Micelles

Surface active agents, classification of surface active agents, micellization, hydrophobic interaction, critical micellar concentration (CMC), factors affecting the CMC of surfactants, counter ion binding to micelles, thermodynamics of micellization-phase separation and mass action models, solublization, micro emulsion, reverse micelles.

Unit-III

Macromolecules

Polymer-definition, types of polymers, electrically conducting, fire resistant, liquid crystal polymers, kinetics of polymerization, mechanism of polymerization. Molecular mass, number and mass average molecular mass, molecular mass determination (Osmometry, viscometry, diffusion and light scattering methods), sedimentation, chain configuration of macromolecules, calculation of average dimension of various chain structures.

Unit-IV

Non Equilibrium Theromodynamics

Thermodynamic criteria for non-equilibrium states, entropy production and entropy flow, entropy balance equations for different irreversible processes (e.g., heat flow, chemical reaction etc.) transformations of the generalized fluxes and forces, non equilibrium stationary states, phenomenological equations, microscopic reversibility and Onsager's reciprocity relations, electrokinetic phenomena, diffusion, electric conduction.

Unit-V

Electrochemistry

Electrochemistry of solutions. Debye-Huckel-Onsager treatment and its extension, ion solvent interactions. Debye-Huckel-Jerum mode. Thermodynamics of electrified interface equations. Derivation of electro capillarity, Lippmann equations (surface excess), methods of determination. Structure of electrified interfaces.

Overpotentials, exchange current density, derivation of Butler Volmer equation, Tafel plot. Quantum aspects of charge transfer at electrodes-solution interfaces, quantization of charge transfer, tunneling. Semiconductor interfaces-theory of double layer at

semiconductor, electrolyte solution interfaces, structure of double layer interfaces. Effect of light at semiconductor solution interface. Polarography theory, Ilkovic equation; half wave potential and its significance.

Books Suggested

- 11. Physical Chemistry, P.W. Atkins, ELBS.
- 12. Introduction to Quantum Chemistry, A.K. Chandra, Tata Mc Graw Hill.
- 13. Quantum Chemistry, Ira N. Levine, Prentice Hall.
- 14. Coulson's Valence, R.Mc Ween y, ELBS.
- 15. Chemical Kinetics. K.J. Laidler, McGraw-Hill.
- 16. Kineties and Mechanism of Chemical Transformation J.Rajaraman and J. Kuriacose, Mc Millan.
- 17. Micelles, Theoretical and Applied Aspects, V. MOraoi, Plenum.
- 18. Modern Electrochemistry Vol. 1 and Vol II J.O.M. Bockris and A.K.N. Reddy, Planum.
- 19. Introduction to Polymer Science, V.R. Gowarikar, N.V. Vishwanathan and J. Sridhar, Wiley Eastern.

Paper-IX

MCH-409: Spectroscopy II and Diffraction Methods

Unit-I

Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Spectroscopy

Nuclear spin, nuclear resonance, saturation, shielding of magnetic nuclei, chemical shift and its measurements, factors, influencing chemical shift, deshielding, spin-spin interactions, factors influencing coupling constant "j" Classification (AXB, AMX, ABC, A2B2 etc.). spin decoupling; basic ideas about instrument, NMR studies of nuclei other than protin-13C, 19F and 31P. FT NMR, advantages of FT NMR.

Unit II

Nuclear Quadrupole Resonance Spectroscopy

Quadrupole nuclei, quadrupole moments, electric field gradient, coupling constant, splitting. Applications.

Unit-III

Electron Spin Resonance Spectroscopy

Basic principles, zero field splitting and Kramer's degeneracy, factors affecting the 'g' value. Isotropic and anisotropic hyperfine coupling constants, spin Hamiltonian, spin densities and Mc Connell relationship, measurement techniques, applications.

Unit-IV

X-ray Diffraction

Bragg condition, Miller indices, Laue Method, Bragg method, Debye Scherrer method of X-ray structural analysis of crystals, index reflections, identification of unit cells from systematic absences in diffraction pattern, Structure of simple lattices and X-ray intensities, structure factor and its relation to intensity and electron density, phase problem. Description of the procedure for an X-ray structure analysis, absolute configuration of molecules.

Unit-V

Electron Diffraction

Scattering intensity vs. scattering angle, Wierl equation, measurement technique, elucidation of structure of simple gas phase molecules. Low energy electron diffraction and structure of surfaces.

Neutron Diffraction Scattering of neutrons by solids measurement techniques, Elucidation of structure of magnetically ordered unit cells.

Books suggested

- 11. Modern Spectroscopy, J.M. Hollas, John Viley.
- 12. Applied Electron Spectroscopy for chemical analysis d. H. Windawi and F.L. Ho, Wiley Interscience.
- 13. NMR, NQR, EPr and Mossbauer Spectroscopy in Inorganic Chemistry, R.V. Parish, Ellis Harwood.
- 14. Physical Methods in Chemistry, R.S. Drago, Saunders College.
- 15. Chemical Applications of Group Theory, F.A. Cotton.
- 16. Introduction to Molecular Spectroscopy, G.M. Barrow, Mc Graw Hill.
- 17. Basic Principles of Spectroscopy, R. Chang, Mc Graw Hill.
- 18. Theory and Application of UV Spectroscopy, H.H. Jaffe and M. Orchin, IBH-Oxford.
- 19. Introduction to Photoelectron Spectroscopy, P.K. Ghosh, John Wiley.
- 20. Introduction to Magnetic Resonance. A Carrington and A.D. Maclachalan, harper & Row.

Paper-X Ch-410 : COMPUTERS FOR CHEMISTS

This is a theory cum-laboratory co use with more emphasis on laboratory work.

Unit-I

Introduction to computers and Computing

Basic structure and functioning of computer with a PC as illustrative example. Memory I/O devices. Secondary storage Computer languages. Operating systems with DOS as an example Introduction to UNIX and WINDOWS. Principles of programming Alogrithms and flow-charts.

Unit-II

Computer Programming in FORTRAN/C/BASIC

(the language features are listed here with reference to FORTRAN. The instructor may choose another language such as BASIC or C the features may be replaced appropriately). Elements of the compute language. Constants and variables. Operations and symbols Expressions. Arithmetic assignment statement. Input and output Format statement. Termination statements. Branching statements as IF or GO TO statement. LOGICAL variables. Double precession variables. Subscripted variables and DIMENSION. DO statement FUNCTION AND SUBROUTINE. COMMON and DATA statement (Student learn the programming logic and these language feature by hands on experience on a personal computer from the beginning of this topic.)

Unit-III

Programming in Chemistry

Developing of small computer codes using any one of the languages FORTRAN/C/BASIC involving simple formulae in Chemistry, such as Van der Waals equation. Chemical kinetics (determination of Rate constant) Radioactive decay (Half Life and Average Life). Determination Normality, Molarity nd Molality of solutions. Evaluation Electronegativity of atom and Lattice Energy from experimental determination of molecular weight and percentage of element organic compounds using data from experimental metal representation of molecules in terms of elementary structural features such as bond lengths, bond angles.

Unit-IV

Use of Computer programmes

Operation of PC. Data Processing. Running of standard Programs and Packages such as MS WORD, MS EXCEL -special emphasis on calculations and chart formations. X-Y plot. Simpson's Numerical Integration method. Programmes with data preferably from physical chemistry laboratory.

Unit V

Internet

Application of Internet for Chemistry with search engines, various types of files like PDF, JPG, RTF and Bitmap. Scanning, OMR, Web camera.

Book Suggested :

Fundamentals of Computer : V. Rajaraman (Prentice Hall) Computers in Chemistry : K.V. Raman (Tata Mc Graw Hill) Computer Programming in FORTRAN IV-V Rajaraman (Prentice Hall)

PRACTICAL

(Duration: 6-8 hrs in each branch) Practical examination shall be conducted separately for each branch.

Inorganic Chemistry

Chromatography	12
Preparation	12
Record	4
Viva Voce	5
Chromatography Separation of cations and anions by	

Column Chromatography : Ion exchange.

Preparations

Preparation of selected inorganic compounds and their studies by I.R. electronic spectra, Mossbauer, E.S.R. and magnetic susceptibility measurements. Handling of air and moisture sensitive compounds.

- 1. $[Co(NH_3)_6] [Co(NO_2)_6]$
- 2. $cis-[Co(trien) (NO_2)_2]Cl.H_2O$
- 3. $Hg[Co(SCN)_4]$
- 4. $[Co(Py)_2Cl_2]$
- 5. [Ni(NH₃)₆]Cl₂
- 6. $Ni(dmg)_2$
- 7. $[Cu(NH_3)_4]SO_4H_2O$

Organic Chemistry

8 .	
Organic Synthesis	12
Quantitative Analysis	12
Record	4
Viva Voce	5

Organic Synthesis

Aldol condensation Dibenzal acetone from benzaldehyde. Sandmeyer reactuion : p-Chlorotoluene from p-toluidine. Acetoacetic ester Condensation : Synthesis of ethyl-nbutylacetoacetate by A.E.E. condensation. Connizzaro reaction : 4-Chlorobenzaldehyde as substrate. Friedel Crafts reaction : b-Benzoyl propionic acid from succinic anhydride and benzene. Aromatic electrophilic sustitutions : Synthesis of p-nitroaniline and pbromoaniline. The Products may be Characterized by Spectral Techniques.

Quantitative Analysis

Determination of the percentage or number of hydroxyl groups in an organic compound by acetylation method. Estimation of amines/phenols using bromate bromide solution/or acetylation method. Determination of iodine and Saponification values of an oil sample. Determination of DO, COD and BOD of water sample.

Physical Chemistry

Conductometry	8
Potentiometry/pH metry	9
Polarimetry	8
Record	4
Viva Voce	5

Conductometry

- i. Determination of the velocity constant, order of the reaction and energy of activation for saponification of ethyl acetate by sodium hydroxide conductometrically.
- ii. Determination of solubility and solubility product of sparingly soluble salts (e.g. PbSO₄, BaSO₄) conductometrically.
- iii. Determination of the strength of strong and weak acid in a given mixture conductometrically.
- iv. to study of the effect of solvent on the conductance of AgNO3/acetic acid and to determine the degree of dissociation and equilibirum constant in different solvents and in their mixtures (DMSO, DMF, dioxane, acetone, water) and to test the validity of Debye-Huckel-Onsager theory.
- v. Determination of the activity coefficient of zinc ions in the solution of 0.002 M zinc sulphate using Debye Huckel's limiting law.

Potentiometry/pH metry

- 1. Determination of strengths of halides in a mixture potentiometrically.
- 2. Determination of the valency of mercurous ions potentiometrically.
- 3. Determination of the strength of strong and weak acids in a given mixture using a potentiometer/pH meter.
- 4. Determination of temperature dependence of EMF of a cell.
- 5. Determination of the formation constant of silver-ammonia complex and stoichiometry of the complex potentiometrically.
- 6. Acid-base titration in a non-aqueous media using a pH meter.
- 7. Determination of activity and activity coefficient of electrolytes.
- 8. Determination of the dissociation constant of acetic acid in DMSO. DMF, acetone and dioxane by titrating it with KOH.
- 9. Determination of the dissociation constant of monobasic/dibasic acid by Albert-Sderjeant method.
- 10. Determination of thermodynamic constants, DG, DS, and DH for the reaction by e.m.f. method. Zn + H2SO4 -> ZnSO4 + 2 H

Polarimetry

- 1. Determination of rate constant for hydrolysis/inversion of sugar using a polarimeter.
- 2. Enzyme kinetics-inversion of sucrose.

Books Suggested

- 11. Vogel's Textbook of Quantitative Analysis, revised, J. Bassett, R.C. Denney, G.H. Jeffery and J. Mendham, ELBS.
- 12. Synthesis and Characterization of Inorganic Compounds, W.L. Jolly. Prentice Hall.
- 13. Experiments and Techniques in Organic Chemistry, D.P. Pasto, C. Johnson and M. Miller, Prentice Hall.
- 14. Macroscale and Microscale Organic Experiments, K.L. Williamson, D.C. Health.
- 15. Systematic Qualitative Organic Analysis, H. Middleton, Adward Arnold.
- 16. Handbook of Organic Analysis-qualitative and Quantitative. H. Clark, Adward Arnold.
- 17. Vogel's Textbook of Practical Organic Chemistry, A.R. Tatchell, John Wiley.
- 18. Practical Physical Chemistry, A.M. James and F.E. Prichard, Longman.
- 19. Findley's Practical Physical chemistry, B.P. Levitt, Longman.
- 20. Experimental Physical Chemistry, R.C. Das and B. Behera, Tata McGraw Hill.

SEMESTER III

Paper-XI MCH-501 : APPLICATION OF SPECTROSCOPY (Inorganic Chemistry)

Unit-I

Vibrational Spectroscopy

Symmetry and shapes of AB₂, AB₃, AB₄, AB₅ and AB₆, mode of bonding of ambidentate ligands, nitrosyl, ethylenediamine and diketonato complexes, application of resonance Raman spectroscopy particularly for the study of active sites of metalloproteins.

Unit II

Electron Spin Resonance Spectroscopy

Hyperfine coupling, spin polarization for atoms and transition metal ions, spin-orbit coupling and significance of g-tensors, application to transition metal complexes (having one unpaired electron) including biological systems and to inorganic free radicals.

Unit III

Nuclear Magnetic Resonance of Paramagnetic Substances in Solution

The contact and Pseudo contact shifts, factors affecting nuclear relaxation, some applications including biochemical systems, an overview of NMR of metal nuclide with emphasis on ¹⁹⁵Pt and ¹¹⁹Sn NMR.

Unit IV

Mössbauer Spectroscopy

Basic principles, spectral parameters and spectrum display. Application of the technique to the studies of (1) bonding and structures of Fe+2 and Fe+3 compounds including those of intermediate spin, (2) Sn^{+2} and Sn^{+4} compounds nature of M-L bond, coordination number, structure and (3) detection of oxidation state and inequivalent MB atoms.

Unit V

Electronic Spectroscopy:

Electronic Spectral Studies for $d^1_- d^9$ systems in octahedral, tetrahedral and square planer complexes,

Book Suggested

- 1. Physical Methods for Chemistry, R.S. Drago, Saunders Compnay.
- 2. Structural Methods in Inorganic Chemistry, E.A.V. Ebsworth, D.W.H. Rankin and S. Cradock, ELBS.
- 3. Infrared and Raman Spectral : Inorganic and Coordination Compounds K. Nakamoto, Wiley.
- 4. Progress in Inorganic Chemistry vol., 8, ed., F.A. Cotton, vol., 15 ed. S.J. Lippard, Wiley.

- 5. Transition Metal Chemistry ed. R.L. Carlin vol. 3 dekker.
- 6. Inorganic Electronic Spectroscopy, A.P.B. Lever, Elsevier.
- 7. NMR, NQR, EPR and Mossbauer Spectroscopy in Inorganic Chemistry, .V. Parish, Ellis Haywood.
- 8. Practical NMR Spectroscopy, M.L. Martin. J.J. Deepish and G.J. Martin, Heyden.
- 9. Spectrometric Identification of Organic Compounds, R.M. Silverstein, G.C. Bassler adn T.C. Morrill, John Wiley.
- 10. Introduction to NMR spectroscopy, R.J. Abraham, J. Fisher and P. Loftus, Wiley.
- 11. Application of Spectroscopy of Organic Compounds, J.R. Dyer Prentice Hall.
- 12. Spectroscopic Methods in Organic Chemistry D.H. Williams, I. Fleming, Tata McGraw-Hill.

Paper XII MCH-502: PHOTOCHEMISTRY

Unit-I

Photochemical Reactions

Interaction of electromagnetic radiation with matter, types of excitations, fate of excited molecule, quantum yield, transfer of excitation energy, actinometry.

Unit II

Determination of Reaction Mechanism

Classification, rate constants and life times of reactive energy state determination of rate constants of reactions. Effect of light intensity on the rate of photochemical reactions. Types of photochemical reactions-photo dissociation, gas-phase photolysis.

Unit III

Photochemistry of Alkene

Intramolecular reactions of the olefinic bond-geometrical isomerism, cyclisation reactions, rearrangement of 1,4- and 1,5-dienes.

Photochemistry of Aromatic Compounds

Isomerisations, additions and substitutions.

Unit IV

Photochemistry of Carbonyl Compounds

Intramolecular reactions of carbonyl compounds-saturated, cyclic and acyclic, b,g unsaturated and a, b unsaturated compounds, cyclohexadienones. Intermolecular cyloaddition reactions-dimerisations and oxetane formation.

Unit V

Miscellaneous Photochemical Reactions.

Photo-Fries reactions of annelid's, Photo-Fries rearrangement. Barton reaction. Singlet molecular Oxygen reaction. Photochemical formation of smog. Photodegration of

polymers. Photochemistry of vision.

Books Suggested

- 1. Fundamentals of photochemistry, K.K. Rothagi-Mukheriji, Wiley-Eastern.
- 2. Essentials of Molecular Photochemistry, A Gilbert and J. Baggott, Blackwell Scientific Publication.
- 3. Molecular Photochemistry, N.J. Turro, W.A. Benjamin.
- 4. Introductory Photochemistry, A. Cox and t. Camp, McGraw Hill.
- 5. Photochemistry, R.P. Kundall and A. Gilbert. Thomson Nelson.
- 6. Organic Photochemistry, J. Coxon and B.halton, Cambridge University Press.

Paper-XIII MCH-503: BIOCHEMISTRY

Unit I

Metal Ions in Biological Systems

Bulk and trace metals with special reference to Na, K, Mg, Ca, Fe, Cu, Zn, Co, and K+/Na+ pump.

Bioenergetics and ATP Cycle.

DNA polymerisation, glucose storage, metal complexes in transmission of energy; chlorophyll's, photosystem I and photosystem II in cleavage of water.

Transport and Storage of Dioxygen

Heam proteins and oxygen uptake structure and function of haemoglobin's, mygolobin, haemocyanms and hemerythrin, model synthetic complexes of iron, cobalt and copper.

Unit II

Electron Transfer in Biology

Structure and function of metal of proteins in electron transport processes cytochrome's and ion-sulphure proteins, synthetic models.

Nitrogen fixation

Biological nitrogen fixation, and its mechanism, nitrogenase, Chemical nitrogen fixation.

Unit III

Enzymes

Introduction and historical perspective, chemical and biological catalysis, remarkable properties of enzymes like catalytic power, specificity and regulation. Nomenclature and classification, extraction and purification. Fischer's lock and key and Koshalnd's induced fit hypothesis, concept and identification of active site by the use of inhibitors, affinity labeling and enzyme modification by site-directed mutagenesis. Enzyme kinetics, Michael's-Menten and Lineweaver Burk plots, reversible and irreversible inhibition. **Mechanism of Enzyme Action**

Transition-state theory, orientation and Steric effect, acid-base catalysis, covalent catalysis, strain or distortion. Examples of some typical enzyme mechanisms for chemotrypsin, ribonuclease, lysozyme and carboxypeptidase.

Kinds of Reactions Catalysed by Enzymes

Nucleophilic displacement on a phosphorus atom, multiple displacement reactions and the coupling of ATP cleavage to endergonic processes. Transfer of sulphate, addition and elimination reactions, enolic intermediates in Isomerisations reactions, b-Cleavage and condensation, some isomerization and rearrangement reactions. Enzyme catalyzed carboxylation and decarboxylation.

Unit IV

Co-Enzyme Chemistry

Cofactors as derived from vitamines, coenzymes, prosthetic groups, apoenzymes. Structure and biological functions of coenzyme A, thiamine pyrophosphate, pyridoxal phosphate, NAD+, NADP+, FMN, FAD, lipoic acid, vitamin B12. Mechanisms of reactions catalyzed by the above cofactors. **Enzyme Models**

Host-guest chemistry, chiral recognition and catalysis, molecular recognition, molecular asymmetry and prochirality Biometric chemistry, crown ether, cryptates. Cyclodextrins, cyclodextrion-based enzyme models, clixarenes, ionospheres, micelles synthetic enzymes or synzymes.

Biotechnological Applications of Enzymes

large-scale prodcution and purification of enzymes, techniques and methods of immobilization of enzymes, effect of immobilization on enzyme activity, application of immobilized enzymes, use of enzymes in food and drink industry-brewing and cheesemaking, syrups from cron starch, enzymes as targets for drug design. Clinical uses of enzymes, enzyme therapy, enzymes and recombinant DNA Technology.

Unit V

Biological Cell and its Constituents

Biological cell, structure and functions of proteins, enzymes, DNA and RNA in living systems. Helix coils transition.

Bioenergetics

Standard free energy change in biochemical reactions, exergonic, endergonic. Hydrolysis of ATP, synthesis of ATP from ADP.

Biopolymer Interactions

Forces involved in biopolymer interactions. Electrostatic charges and molecular expansion, hydrophobic forces, dispersion force interactions. Multiple equilibrium and various types of bidning processes in biological systems. Hydrogen ion titration curves.

Cell Membrane and Transport of Ions

Structure and functions of cell membrane, ion transport through cell membrane, irreversible thermodynamic treatment of membrane transport. Nerve conduction.

Book Suggested

- 1. Principles of Bioinorganic Chemistry, S.J. Lippard and J.M. Berg, University Science Books.
- 2. Bioinorganic Chemistry, 1. Bertini, H.B. Gray, S.J. Lippard and J.S. Valentine, University Science Books.

- 3. Inorganic biochemistry vol. I and II ed. G.L. Eichhorn, Elsever.
- 4. Progress in Inorganic Chemistry, Vol 18 and 38 ed J.J. Lippard, Wiley.
- 5. Bioorganic Chemistry : A chemical Approach to Enzyme Action, Hermann Dugas and C. Penny, Springer Verlag.
- 6. Understanding Enzymes, Trevor Palmer, Prentice Hall.
- 7. Enzyme Chemistry : Impact and applications, Ed. Collin J suckling, chemistry.
- 8. Enzyme Mechanisms Ed. M.I. Page and A Williams, Royal Society of Chemistry.
- 9. Fundamentals of Enzymology, N.C. Price and L. Stevens. Oxford University Press.
- 10. Immobilized Enzymes : An Introduction and Applications in Biotechnology, Michael ID. Trevan, Hohn Wiley.
- 11. Enzymatic Reaction Mechanisms. C. Walsh. W.H. Freeman.
- 12. Enzyme Structure and Mechanism, A Fersht, W.H. Freeman
- 13. Biochemistry : The Chemical Reactions of Living Cells, D.E. Metzler, Academic Press.

Paper XIV: Elective Paper

Paper XV: Elective Paper

Practical

(Duration: 6-8 hrs in each branch) Practical examination shall be conducted separately for each branch.

Inorganic Chemistry

Quantitative determinations of a three component mixture	12
Chromatographic Separations	12
Record	04
Viva Voice	05

Quantitative determinations of a three component mixture :

One Volumetrically and two gravimetrically

- a. Cu+2, Ni+2, Zn+2
- b. Cu+2, Ni+2, Ng+2

Chromatographic Separations

- a. Cadmium and zinc
- b. Zinc and magnesium.
- c. Thin-layer chromatography-separation of nickel, manganese, cobalt and zinc. Determination of Rf values.

Separation and identification of the sugars present in the given mixture of glucose, fructose and sucrose by paper chromatography and determination of Rf values.

Multi-step Synthesis of Organic Compounds	12
Paper Chromatography	12
Record	04
Viva Voice	05

Multi-step Synthesis of Organic Compounds

The exercise should illustrate the use of organic reagents and may involve purification of the products by chromatographic techniques. Photochemical reaction Benzophenone -> Benzpinacol_> Benzpinacolone Beckmann rearrangement : Benzanilide from benzene Benzene -> Benzophenone -> Benzphenone oxime -> Benzanilide Benzilic acid rearrangement : Benzilic acid from benzoin Benzoin -> Benzil -> Benzilic acid Synthesis of heterocyclic compounds Skraup synthesis : Preparation of quinoline from aniline Fisher Indole synthesis : Preparation of 2-phenylindole from phenylhydrazine. Enzymatic synthesis Enzymatic reduction : reduction of ethyl acetoacetate using Baker's yeast to yield enantiomeric excess of S (+) ehtyl-3-hydroxybutanoate and determine its optical purity. Biosynthesis of ethanol from sucrose. Synthesis using microwave Alkylation of diethyl malonate with benzyl chloride. Synthesis using phase transfer catalyst. Alkylation of diethyl malonate or ethyl acetoacetate with an alkylhalide.

Paper Chromatography

Separation and identification of the sugars present in the given mixture of glucose, fructose and sucrose by paper chromatography and determination of RF values/

Physical Chemistry

Spectroscopy	13
Chemical Kinetics	12
Record	04
Viva Voice	05

Spectroscopy

- i. Determination of PKa of an indicator (e.g. methyl red) in (a) aqueous and (b) micellar media.
- ii. Determination of stoichiometry and stability constant of Ferricisothicoyanation complex ion in solution.
- iii. Determination of rate constant of alkaline bleaching of Malachite green and effect of ionic strength on the rate of reaction.

Chemical Kinetics

i. Determination of rate constant and formation constant of an intermediate complex in the reaction of Ce(IV) and Hypophosphorous acid at ambient temperature.

- ii. Determination of energy and enthalpy of activation in the reaction of KMnO4 and benzyl alcohol in acid medium.
- iii. Determination of energy of activation of and entropy of activation from a single kinetic run.
- iv. Kinetics of an enzyme catalyzed reaction.

Books Suggested

- 1. Inorganic Experimens, J. Derek Woolings, VCH.
- 2. Microscale Inorganic Chemistry, Z. Szafran, R.M, Pike and M.M. Singh, Wiley.
- 3. Practical Inorganic Chemistry, G. Marr and B. W. Rockett, Van Nostrad.
- 4. The systematic Identification of Organic Compounds, R.L. Shriner and D.Y. curlin.

SEMESTER IV

Paper-XVI MCH-501 : APPLICATION OF SPECTROSCOPY (Organic Chemistry)

Unit-I

Ultraviolet and Visible spectroscopy

Various electronic transitions (185-800 nm) Beer-Lambert law, effect of solvent on electronic transitions, ultraviolet bands for carbonyl compounds, unsaturated carbonyl compounds, dienes, conjugated polyenes, Fieser Woodward rules for conjugated dienes and carbonyl compounds, ultraviolet spectra of aromatic compounds. Steric effect in biphenyls.

Unit II

Infrared Spectroscopy

Characteristic vibrational frequencies of alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, aromatic compounds, alcohols, ether's, phenols and amines. Detailed study of vibrational frequencies of carbonyl compounds (ketone's, aldehyde's, esters, amides, acids, anhydride's, lactones, lactams and conjugated carbonyl compounds). Effect of hydrogen bonding and solvent effect on vibrational frequencies, overtones, combination bands and fermi resonance.

Optical Rotatory Dispersion (ORD) and Circular Dichromium (CD)

Definition, deduction of absolute configuration, octant rule for ketones.

Unit-III

Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Spectroscopy

General introduction and definition, chemical shift, spin-spin interaction, shielding mechanism, mechanism of measurement, chemical shift values and correlation for protons bonded to carbon (aliphatic, olefinic, aldehydic and aromatic) and other nuclei (alcohols, phenols, enols, carboxylic acids, amines, amides & mercapto), chemical exchange, effect of deuteration, complex spinspin interaction between two, three, four and five nuclei (first order spectra), Stereochemistry, hindered rotation, Karplus curve-variation of coupling constant with disordered angle. Simplification of complex spectranuclear magnetic double resonance, NMR shift reagents, solvent effects. Fourier transform technique, nuclear overhauser effect (NOE).

Unit-IV

Carbon-13 NMR Spectroscopy

General considerations, chemical shift (aliphatic olefinic, alkyne, aromatic, heteroaromatic and carboynl carbon), coupling constants. Two dimension NMR spectroscopy-COSY, NOESY, DEPT, IONEPT, APT and INADEQUATE techniques.

Unit V

Mass Spectrometry

Introduction ion production E1, C1 FD, ESI and FAB, factors affecting fragmentation, ion analysis, ion abundance Mass spectral fragmentation of organic compounds, common functional groups, molecular ion peak, metastable peak. Me Lafferty rearrangement. Nitrogen rule. High resolution mass spectrometry. Example of mass spectral fragmentation of organic compounds with respect to their structure determination.

Book Suggested

- 13. Physical Methods for Chemistry, R.S. Drago, Saunders Compnay.
- 14. Structural Methods in Inorganic Chemistry, E.A.V. Ebsworth, D.W.H. Rankin and S. Cradock, ELBS.
- 15. Infrared and Raman Spectral : Inorganic and Coordination Compounds K. Nakamoto, Wiley.
- 16. Progress in Inorganic Chemistry vol., 8, ed., F.A. Cotton, vol., 15 ed. S.J. Lippard, Wiley.
- 17. Transition Metal Chemistry ed. R.L. Carlin vol. 3 dekker.
- 18. Inorganic Electronic Spectroscopy, A.P.B. Lever, Elsevier.
- 19. NMR, NQR, EPR and Mossbauer Spectroscopy in Inorganic Chemistry, .V. Parish, Ellis Haywood.
- 20. Practical NMR Spectroscopy, M.L. Martin. J.J. Deepish and G.J. Martin, Heyden.
- 21. Spectrometric Identification of Organic Compounds, R.M. Silverstein, G.C. Bassler adn T.C. Morrill, John Wiley.
- 22. Introduction to NMR spectroscopy, R.J. Abraham, J. Fisher and P. Loftus, Wiley.
- 23. Application of Spectroscopy of Organic Compounds, J.R. Dyer Prentice Hall.
- 24. Spectroscopic Methods in Organic Chemistry D.H. Williams, I. Fleming, Tata McGraw-Hill.

Paper XVII MCH-505: SOLID STATE CHEMISTRY

Unit I

Solid State Reactions

General principles, experimental procedure, co-precipitation as a precursory to solid state reactions, kinetics of solid state reactions.

Unit II

Crystal Defects and Non-Stoichiometry

Perfect and imperfect crystals, intrinsic and extrinsic defects-point defects, line and plane defects, vacancies-Schottky detects and Frenkel defects. Thermodynamics of Schottky and Frenkel defect formation, colour centres, non-stoichiometry and defects.

Unit III

Electronic Properties and Band Theory

Metal,s insulators and semiconductors, electronic structure of solidsband theory band structure of metals, insulators and semiconductors, Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors, doping semiconductors, p-n junctions, super conductors. Optical properties-Application of optical and electron microscopy. Magnetic Properties-Classification of materials : Effect of temperature calculation of magnetic moment, mechanism of ferro and anti ferromagnetic ordering super exchange.

Unit IV

Organic Solids

Electrically conducting solids. organic charge transfer complex, organic metals, new superconductors.

Unit IV

Liquid Crystals:

Types of liquid crystals: Nematic, Smectic, Ferroelectric, Antiferroelectric, Various theories of LC, Liquid crystal display, New materials.

Books Suggested.

- 1. Solid state chemistry and its applications, A.R. West. Peenum.
- 2. Principles of the Solid State, H.V. Keer, Wiley Eastern.
- 3. Solid State Chemistry, N.B. Hannay.
- 4. Solid State Chemistry, D.K. Chakrabarty, New Wiley Eastern.

Paper XVIII MCH-506 : ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTRY

Unit-I

Atmosphere

Atmospheric layers, Vertical temperature profile, heat/radiation budget of the earth atmosphere systems. Properties of troposphere, thermodynamic derivation of lapse rate. Temperature inversion. Calculation of Global mean temperature of the atmosphere. Pressure variation in atmosphere and scale height. Biogeochemical cycles of carbon, nitrogen, sulphure, phosphorus oxygen. Residence times.

Atmospheric Chemistry

Sources of trace atmospheric constituents : nitrogen oxides, sulphure dioxide and other sulphure compounds, carbon oxides, chlorofluorocarbons and other halogen compounds, methane and other hydrocarbons.

Tropospheric Photochemistry

Mechanism of Photochemical decomposition of NO2 and formation of ozone. Formation of oxygen atoms, hydroxyl, hydroperoxy and organic radicals and hydrogen peroxide. Reactions of hydroxyl radicals with methane and other organic compounds. Reaction of

OH radicals with SO2 and NO2. Formation of Nitrate radical and its reactions. Photochemical smog meteorological conditions and chemistry of its formation.

Unit-II

Air Pollution

Air pollutants and their classifications. Aerosols-sources, size distribution and effect on visibility, climate and health.

Acid Rain

Definition, Acid rain precursors and their aqueous and gas phase atmospheric Oxidation reactions. Damaging effects on aquatic life, plants, buildings and health. Monitoring of SO2 and NOx. Acid rain control strategies.

Stratospheric Ozone Depletion

Mechanism of Ozone formation, Mechanism of catalytic Ozone depletion, Discovery of Antarctic Ozone hole and Role of chemistry and meteorology. Control Strategies.

Green House Effect

Terrestrial and solar radiation Spectra, Major green house gases and their sources and Global warming potentials. Climate change and consequences.

Urban Air Pollution

Exhaust emissions, damaging effects of carbon monoxide. Monitoring of CO. Control strategies.

Unit-III

Aquatic Chemistry and Water Pollution

Redox chemistry in natural waters. Dissolved oxygen, biological oxygen demand, chemical oxygen demand, determination of DO, BOD and COD. Aerobic and anaerobic reactions of organic sulphure and nitrogen compounds in water acid-base chemistry of fresh water and sea water. Aluminum, nitrate and fluoride in water. Petrification. Sources of water pollution. Treatment of waste and sewage. Purification of drinking water, techniques of purification and disinfection.

Unit IV

Environmental Toxicology

Toxic heavy metals : Mercury, lead, arsenic and cadmium. Causes of toxicity. Bioaccumulation, sources of heavy metals. Chemical speciation of Hg, Pb, As, and Cd. Biochemical and damaging effects.

Toxic Organic Compound : Pesticides, classification, properties and uses of organochlorine and ionospheres pesticides detection and damaging effects.

Polychlorinated biphenyls : Properties, use and environmental continuation and effects. **Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons :** Source, structures and as pollutants.

Unit-V

Soil and Environmental Disasters

Soil composition, micro and macronutrients, soil pollution by fertilizers, plastic an metals. Methods of re-mediation of soil. Bhopal gas tragedy, Chernobyl, three mile island, Minimtata Disease, Sevoso (Italy), London smog.

Books Suggested

- 1. Environmental Chemistry, Colin Baird, W.H. Freeman Co. New York, 1998.
- 2. Chemistry of Atmospheres, R.P. Wayne, Oxford.
- 3. Environment Chemistry, A.K. De, Wiley Eastern, 2004.
- 4. Environmental Chemistry, S.E. Manahan, Lewis Publishers.
- 5. Introduction to atmospheric Chemistry, P.V. Hobbs, Cambridge.

Paper XIX: Elective Paper Paper XX: Elective Paper

Elective Papers

- MCH-601 Organotransition Metal Chemistry
- MCH-602 Polymers
- MCH-603 Organic synthesis
- MCH-604 Heterocyclic Chemistry
- MCH-605 Chemistry of Natural Products
- MCH-606 Analytical Chemistry
- MCH-607 Physical Organic Chemistry
- MCH-608 Chemical Dynamics
- MCH-609 Electro Chemistry
- MCH-610 Medicinal Chemistry
- MCH-611 Advanced Quantum Chemistry

MCH-601: Organotransition Metal Chemistry

Unit I

Alkyls and Aryls of Transition Metals

Types, routes of synthesis, stability and decomposition pathways organocopper in organic synthesis.

Compounds of Transition Metal-Carbon Multiple Bonds

Alkylidenes, alkylidynes, low valent carbenes and carbynes-synthesis, nature of bond, structural characteristics, nucleophilic and electrophilic reactions on the ligands, role in organic synthesis.

Unit II

Transition Metal π -Complexes

Transition metal p-Complexes with unsaturated organic molecules, alkenes, alkynes, allyl, diene, dienyl, arene and trienyl complexes, preparation, properties, nature of bonding and structural features. Important reactions relating to nucleophilic and electrophilic attack on ligands and to organic synthesis.

Unit III

Transition metal compounds with bonds to hydrogen, boron, silicon :

Transition metal compounds with bonds to hydrogen, boron, silicon

Unit IV

Homogeneous Catalysis

Stoichiometric reactions for catalysis, homogeneous catalytic hydrogenation, Zeigler-Natta polymerization of olefins, catalytic reactions involving carbon monoxide such as hydrocarbonylation of olefins (oxoreaction), explanation reactions, activation of C-H bond.

Unit V

Fluxional Organometallic Compounds

Flexionality and dynamic equilibrium in compounds such as n-2 olefine, n3-allyl and dienyl complexes.

Books Suggested

- 1. Principles and Application of Organotransition Metal Chemistry, J.P. Collman, L.S. Hegsdus, J.R. Norton and R.G. Finke, University Science Books.
- 2. The Organometallic Chemistry of the Transition Metals, R.H. Crabtree. John Wiley.
- 3. Metallo-organic Chemistry, A.J. Pearson, Wiley.
- 4. Organometallic Chemistry, R.C. Mehrotra and A. Singh New Age International.

MCH-602: Polymers

Unit-I

Basics

Importance of polymers. Basic concepts : Monomers, repeat units, degree of polymerization Linear, branched and network polymers. Classification of polymers. Polymerization : condensation, addition/radical chain-ionic and co-ordination and copolymerization. Polymerization conditions and polymer reactions. Polymerization in homogeneous and heterogeneous systems.

Unit-II

Polymer Characterization

Polydispersion-average molecular weight concept. Number, weight and viscosity average molecular weights. Polydispersity an molecular weight distribution. The practical significance of molecular weight. Measurement of molecular-weights. End-group, viscosity, light scattering, osmotic and ultracentrifugation methods.

Unit-III

Analysis and testing of polymers

Chemical analysis of polymers, spectroscopic methods, X-ray diffraction study. Microscopy. Thermal analysis and physical testing-tensile strength. Fatigue, impact. Tear resistance, Hardness and abrasion resistance.

Unit-IV

Inorganic Polymers

A general survey and scope of Inorganic Polymers special characteristics, classification, homo and hetero atomic polymers.

Structure, Properties and Applications of

- a. Polymers based on boron-borazines, boranes and carboranes.
- b. Polymers based on Silicon, silicone's polymetalloxanes and polymetallosiloxanes, silazanes.

Unit V

Structure, Properties and Application of

- a. Polymers based on Phosphorous-Phosphazenes, Polyphosphates
- b. Polymers based on Sulphure-Tetrasulphur tetranitride and related compounds.
- c. Co-ordination and metal chelate polymers.

Books Suggested

- 1. Inorganic Chemistry, J.E. Huheey, Harper Row.
- 2. Developments in Inorganic polymer Chemistry, M.F. Lappert and G.J. Leigh.
- 3. Inorganic polymers- N.H. Ray.
- 4. Inorganic polymers, Graham and Stone.
- 5. Inorganic Rings and Cages : D.A. Armitage.
- 6. Textbook of Polymers Science, F.W. Billmeyer Jr. Wiley.
- 7. Contemporary Polymer Chemistry, H.R. Al cock and F.W. Lambe, Prentice Hall.

MCH-603: Organic Synthesis

Unit I

Disconnection Approach

An introduction to synthons and synthetic equivalents. Disconnection approach, functional group inter-conversions, the importance of the order of events in organic synthesis, one group C-X and two group C-X disconnections, chemoselectivity, reversal of polarity, cyclisation reaction, amine synthesis.

Unit II

One Group C-C Disconnections

Alcohols and carbonyl compounds, regioselectivity, alkene synthesis, use of acetylenes and aliphatic Nitro compounds in organic synthesis.

Two Group C-C Disconnections

Diels-Alder Reaction, 1,3-difunctionalised compounds, a-b- unsaturated carbonyl compounds, control in carbonyl condensations, 1,5-difunctionalised compounds. Micheal addition and Robinson annelation.

Unit III

Oxidation

Introduction, Different oxidative processes. Hydrocarbons-alkenes, aromatic rings, saturated C-H groups (activated and unactivated) Alcohols, diols, aldehyde's, ketones, ketals and carboxylic acids. Amines, hydrazines, and sulphides. Oxidations with ruthenium tetraoxide, iodobenzene diacetate and thallium. (III) Nitrate.

Reduction

Introduction, Different reductive processes. Alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, and aromatic rings. Carbonyl compounds-aldehydes, ketones, acids and their derivatives. Epoxides. Nitro, nitroso, azo and oxime groups. Expoxide, Nitro, Nitroso, azo and oxime groups. Hydrogenolysis.

Unit IV

Organometallic Reagents

Principle, preparations, properties and applications of the following in organic synthesis with mechanistic details. Group I and II metal organic compounds Li, Mg, Hg, Cd, Zn and Ce Compounds.

Unit V

Synthesis of some complex molecules:

Application of the above in the synthesis of following compounds: Canphor, longifoline, cartisone, reserpine, vitamin D, juvabion, aphidicolin and fredericamycin. A

Books Suggested

- 1. Designing Organic Synthesis, S. Warren. Wiley.
- 2. Organic Synthesis-Concept, Methods and Starting Materials, J. Fuhrhop.
- 3. Some Modern Methods of Organic Synthesis. W. carruthers, Cambridge Univ. Press.
- 4. Modern Synthetic Reactions H.O. House, W.A Benjamin.
- 5. Advanced Organic Chemistry : Reactions, Mechanisms and Structure, J. March. Wiley.
- 6. Principles, of Organic Chemistry Part B. F.a. Carey and R.J. Sundberg, Plenum Press.

MCH-604: Heterocyclic Chemistry

Unit-I

Nomenclature of Heterocycles

Replacement and systematic nomenclature (HantzsMCH-Widman system) for monocyclic fused and bridged heterocycles.

Aromatic Heterocycles

General chemical behaviour of aromatic heterocycles, classification (structural type), criteria of aromaticity (bond lengths, ring current and chemical shifts in 1H NMR-spectra. Empirical resonance energy, delocalization energy and Dewar resonance energy, diamagnetic susceptibility exaltations). Heteroaromatic reactivity and tautomerism in aromatic heterocycles.

Unit-II

Non-aromatic Heterocycles

Strain-bond angle and torsional strains and their consequences in small ring heterocycles. Conformatino of six-membered heterocycles with reference to molecular geometry, barrier to ring inversion, pyramidal inversino and 1,3-diaxial interactino. Atereoelectronic effects anomeric and related effects, Attractive interactions-hydrogen bonding and intermolecular nucleophilic lectrophilic interactions. Heterocyclic Synthesis Princples of heterocyclic synthesis involing cyclization reactions and cycloaddition reactions.

Unit-III

Small Ring Heterocycles

Three-membered and four-membered heterocycles-synthesis and reactions of azirodines, oxiranes, thiranes, azetidines, oxetanes and thietanes.

Benzo-Fused Five-Membered Heterocycles

Synthesis and reactions including medicinal applications of benzopyrroles, bezofurans and benzothiophenes.

Unit-IV

Meso-ionic Heterocycles

General classification, chemistry of some important meso-ionic heterocycles of type-A and B and their applications.

Six-Membered Heterocycles with one Heteroatom

Synthesis and reactions of pyrylium salts and pyrones and their comparison with pyridinium & thiopyrylium salts and phridones. Synthesis and reactions of quionlizinium and benzopyrylium salts, coumarins and chromones.

Unit-V

Six Membered Heterocycles with Two or More Heteroatoms Synthesis and reactions of diazones, triazines, tetrazines and thiazines. Seven-and Large-Membered Heterocycles Synthesis and reactions of azepines, oxepines, thiepines, diazepines thiazepines, azocines, diazocines, dioxocines and dithiocines.

Heterocyclic Systems Containing P, As, Sb and B

Heterocyclic rings containing phosphorus : Introduction, nomenclature, synthesis and characteristics of 5- and 6-membered ring systemsphosphorinaes, phosphorines, phospholanes and phospholes. Heterocyclic rings containing As and Sb : Introduction, synthesis and characteristics of 5- and 6-membered ring system. Heterocyclic rings containing B : Introduction, synthesis reactivity and spectral characteristics of 3- 5- and 6- membered ring system.

Books Suggested :

- 1. Heterocyclic Chemistry Vol. 1-3, R.R. Gupta, M. Kumar and V.Gupta, Springer Verlag.
- 2. The Chemistry of Heterocycles, T. Eicher and S. Hauptmann, Thieme.
- 3. Heterocyclic chemistry J.A. Joule, K. Mills and g.F. Smith, Chapman and Hall.
- 4. Heterocyclic Chemistry, T.L. Gilchrist, Longman Scietific Techinal.
- 5. Contemporary Hetrocyclic Chemistry, G, R. Newkome and W.W. Paudler, Wiley-Inter Science.
- 6. An Introductiion to the Heterocyclic Compounds, R.M. Acheson, Johnwiely.
- 7. Comprehensive Heterocyclic Chemistry, A.R. Katrizky and C.W. Rees, eds. Pergamon Press.

MCH-605: Chemistry of Natural Products

Unit I

Terpenoids and Carotenoids

Calcifications, nomenclature, occurrence, isolation, general methods of structure determination, isoprene rule. Structure determination, stereochemistry, biosynthesis and synthesis of the following representative molecules : Citral, Geraniol a-Terpeneol, Menthol, Farnesol, Zingiberence, Santonin, Phytol, Abietic acid and b-Carotene.

Unit II

Alkaloids

Definition, nomenclature and physiological action, occurrence, isolation, general methods of structure elucidation, degradation, classification based on nitrogen heterocyclic ring, role of alkaloids in plants. Structure, stereochemistry, synthesis and biosynthesis of the following : Ephedrine , (+)- Coniine, Nicotine, Atropine, Quinine and Morphine.

Unit III

Steroids

Occurrence, nomenclature, basic skeleton, Diel's hydrocarbon and stereochemistry, Isolation, Structure determination and synthesis of Cholesterol, Bile acids, Androsterone, Testosterone, Estrone, Progesterone, Aldosterone, Biosynthesis of Steroids.

Unit IV

Plant Pigments

Occurrence, nomenclature and general methods of structure determination. Isolation and synthesis of Apigenin, Luteolin Quercetin, Myrcetin, Quercetin 3-glucoside, Vitexin, Diadzein, Aureusin, Cyanidin-7arabinoside, Cyanidin, Hirsutidin, Biosynthesis of flavonoids: Acetate pathway and Shikimic acid pathway.

Prophyrins

Structure and synthesis of Haemoglobin and Chlorophyll.

Unit V

Prostaglandis

Occurrence, nomenclature, classification, biogenesis and physiological effects. Synthesis of PGE2 and PGF2a.

Pyrethroids and Rotenones

Synthesis and reactions of Pyrethroids and Rotenones. (For structure elucidation, emphasis is to be placed on the use of spectral parameters wherever possible).

Books Suggested

- 1. Natural Products : Chemistry and Biological Significance, J. Mann, R.S. Davidson, J.B. Hobbs, D.V. Banthrope adn J.B. Harbome, Longman, Esses.
- 2. Organic Chemistry : Vol. 2 1L. Finar, ELBS
- 3. Stereoselective Synthesis : A Practical Approach, M. Norgradi, VCH.
- 4. Rodd's Chemistry of Carbon Compounds, Ed. S. Coffey, Elsevier.
- 5. Chemistry, Biological and Pharmacological Properties of Medicinal Plants from the Americas, Ed. Kurt Hostettmann, M.P. Gupta and A. Marston. harwood Academic Publishers.
- 6. Introduction to Flavonoids, B.A. Bohm. Harwood Academic Publishers.
- 7. New Trends in Natural Product chemistry, Ataaur Rahman and M.L. Choudhary, Harwood Academic Publishers.
- 8. Insecticides of Natural Origin, Sukh Dev, Harwood Academic Publishers.

MCH-606: Analytical Chemistry Unit I

Introduction

Role of analytical chemistry Classification of analytical methods classical and instrumental. Types of instrumental analysis. Selecting an analytical method. Neatness and cleanliness. laboratory operations and practices. Analytical balance. Techniques of weighing, errors. Volumetric glassware cleaning and calibration of glassware. Sample Volumetric glassware cleaning and Calibration of glassware. Sample preparationdissolution and decompositions. Gravimetric techniques. Selecting and handling or reagents. Laboratory notebooks. Safety in the analytical laboratory.

Errors and Evaluation

Definition of terms in mean and median. Precision-standard deviation, relative standard deviation. Accuracy-absolute error, relative error. Types of error in experimental data determinate (systematic), indeterminate (or random) and gross. Sources of error and the effects upon the analytical results. Methods for reporting analytical data. Statistical evaluation of data-indeterminate errors. The uses of statistics.

Unit II

Food analysis

Moisture, ash, crude protein, fat crude fiber, carbohydrates, calcium, potassium, sodium and phosphate. Food adulteration-common adulterants in food, contamination of foods

stuffs. Microscopic examination of foods for adulterants. Pesticide analysis in food prodcuts. Extraction and purification of sample. HPLC. Gas chromatography for organophosphates. Thin-layer chromatography for identification of chlorinated pesticides in food products.

Unit-III

Analysis of Water Pollution

Origin of Waste water, types, water pollutants and their effects. Sources of water pollution-domestic, industrial, agricultural soil and radioactive wastes as sources of pollution. Objectives of analysis-parameter for analysis-colour, turbidity, total solids, conductivity, acidity, alakalinity, hardness, chloride, sulphate, fluoride, silica, phosphates adn different forms of nitrogen, Heavy metal pollution-public health significance of cadmium, chromium, copper, lead, zinc, managanese, mercurry and arsenic. General survey of instrumental technique for the analysis of heavy metals in aqueous systems. Measurements of DO, BOD, and COD. Pesticides as water pollutants and analysis. Water pollution laws and standards.

Unit-IV

Analysis of soil, Fuel, Body Fluids and Drugs

(a) Analysis of Soil, moisture pH total nitrogen, phosphorus, silica, lime, magnesia, manganese, sulphur and alkali salts.

Fuel analysis : liquid and gas. Ultimate and proximate analysis-heating valuesgrading of coal. Liquid fuels-flash point, aniline point, octane number and carbon residue. Gaseous fuels-produced gas and water gas-calorific value.

Unit V

(a) **Clinical Chemistry** : Composition of blood-collection and preservation of samples. Clinical analysis. Serum electrolytes, blood glucose, blood urea nitrogen, uric acid, albumin, globulins, barbiturates, acid and alkaline phosphates. Immunoassay : principles of radio immunoassay (RIA) and applications. The blood gas analysis trace elements n the body.

(b) **Drug analysis** : Narcotics and dangerous drug. Classification of drugs. Screening by gas and thin-layer chromatography and spectrophotometeric measurements.

Book Suggested

- 1. Analytical Chemistry, G.D. Christian, J.Wicy.
- 2. Fundamentals o analytical Chemistry. D.A. Skoog. D.M. West and F.J. Hooler, W.B. Saunders.
- 3. Analytical Chemistry-Principles. J.H. Kennedy. W.B. Saunders.
- 4. Analytical Chemistry-Principles and Techniques. LG. Hargis. Prentice Hall.
- 5. Principles of Instrumental analysis D.A. Skoog and J.L. Loary, W.B. Saunders.
- 6. Principles of Instrumental Analysis D.A. Skoog W.B. Saunders.
- 7. Quantitative Analysis, R.A. Day, Jr. and A.L. Underwood, Prentice Hall.

- 8. Environmental Solution, S.M. Khopkar, Wiley Eastern.
- 9. Basic Concepts of Analysis Chemistry, S.M. Khopkar, Wiley Eastern.
- 10. Handbook of Instrumental Techniques for Analytical Chemistry, F. Settle, Prentice Hall.

MCH-607: Physical Organic Chemistry

Unit-I

Concepts in Molecular Orbital (MO) and Valence Bond (VB) Theory

Introduction to Huckel molecular orbital (MO) method as a mean to explain modern theoretical methods. Advanced techniques in PMO and FMO theory. Molecular mechanics, semi empirical methods and ab initio and density functional methods. Scope and limitations off several computational programmes.

Unit-II

Quantitative MO theory : Huckel molecular orbital (HMO - method as applied to ethene, allyl and butadiene. Qualitative MO theory ionisation potential. Electron affinities. MO energy levels. Orbital symmetry. Orbital interaction diagrams. MO of simple organic systems such as ethene, allyl, butadiene, methane and methyl group. Conjugation and hyper-conjugation. Aromaticity.

Valence bond (B) configuration mixing diagrams. Relationship between VB configuration mixing and resonance theory. Reaction profiles. Potential energy diagrams. Curve-crossing model-nature of activation barrier in chemical reactions.

Unit-III

Principles of Reactivity

Mechanistic significance of entropy, enthalpy and Gibb's free energy. Arrrhenius equation. Transition state theory. Uses of activation parameters, Hammond's postulate, Bell-Evans-Polanyi Principle. Potential energy surface model. Marcus theory of electron transfer. Reactivity and selectivity principles. **Kinetic Isotope Effect** Theory of isotope effects. Primary and secondary kinetic isotope effects. Heavy atom isotope effects. Tunneling effect. Solvent effects.

Structural Effects on Reactivity

Linear free energy relationships (LFER). The Hammett equation, substituent constants, theories of substituent effects. Interpretation of s-values. Reaction constants. Deviations from Hammett equation. Dualparameter correlatins, inductive substituent constant. The Taft model, s1 and sR scales.

Unit-IV

Acids, Bases, Electrophiles, Nucleophiles and Catalysis

Acid-base dissociation, Electronic and structural effects, acidity and basicity. Acidity functions and their applicatins. hard and soft acids and bases. Nucleophilicity scales.

Nucleofugacity. The a-effect. Ambivalent nucleophiles. Acid-base catalysis-specifica and general catalysis. Bronsted catalysis, Nuceophilic and electrophilic catalysis. Catalysis by noncovalent binding-micellar catalysis.

Steric and Conformation Properties

Various type of steric strain and their influence on reactivity. Steric acceleration. Molecular measurements of steric effects upon rates. Steric LFET, Conformational barrier to bond rotation-spectroscopic detection of individual conformers. Acyclic and monocyclic systems. Rotation around partial double bonds. Winstein-Holness and Curtin-Hammett principle.

Unit-V

Nucleophilic and Electrophilic Reactivity

Structural and electronic effects on SN1 and SN2 reactivity. Solvent effect Kinetic isotope effects. Intromolecular assisance. Electron transfer nature of SN2 reaction. Nucleophilicity and SN2 reactivity based on curved crossing mode. Relationship between polar and electron transfer reactions SRN1 mechanism. Electrophilic reactivity, general mechanism. Kinetic of SE2 Ar reaction. Structural effects on rates and selectivity. Curve-crossing approach to electrophilic reactivity.

Supramolecular Chemistry

Properties of covalent bonds-bond length, inter-bond angles, force constant, bond and molecular dipole moments. Molecular and bond polarizability, bond dissociation enthalpy, entropy. intermolecular forces, hydrophobic effects. Electrostatic, induction, dispersion and resonance energy, magnetic interactions, magnitude of interaction energy, forces between macroscopic bodies, medium effects. Hydrogen bond.

Book Suggested :

- 1. Molecular Mechanics, U. Burket and N.L. Allinger, ACS Monograph 177, 1982.
- 2. Orgaic Chemists, Book of Orbitals : L. Salem and W.L. Jorgensen, Academic Press.
- 3. Mechanism and Theory in Organic chemistry, T.H. Lowry and K.C. Richadson, Harper and Row.
- 4. Introduction to Theoretical Organic Chemistry and Molecular Modeling.
- 5. Physical Organic Chemistry : N.S. Isaacs, ELBS/Longman.
- 6. Supramolecular Chemistry : Concepts and Perspective, J.M. Lehn, VCH.
- 7. The Physical Basis of Organic Chemistry : H. Maskill, Oxford University Press.

MCH-608: Electrochemistry Unit I

1. Conversion and Storage of Electrochemical Energy Present status of energy consumption : Pollution problem. History of fuel cells, Direct energy conversion by electrochemical means. Maximum intrinsic efficiency of an electrochemical converter. Physical interpretation of the Carnot efficiency factor in electrochemical energy

converters. Power outputs.

electrochemical Generators (Fuel Cells) : Hydrogen oxygen cells, Hydrogen Air cell, Hydrocarbon air cell, Alkane fuel cell, Phosphoric and fuel cell, direct NaOH fuel cells, applications of fuel cells.

Electrochemical Energy Storage :

Properties of Electrochemical energy storage : Measure of battery performance, Charging and discharging of a battery, Storage Density, Energy Density. Classical Batteries : (i) Lead Acid (ii) Nickel-Cadmium, (iii) Zinc manganese dioxide. Modern Batteries : (i) Zinc-Air (ii) Nickel-Metal Hydride, (iii) Lithium Battery, Future Electricity storers : Storage in (i) Hydrogen, (ii) Alkali Metals, (iii) Non aqueous solutions.

Unit II

Corrosion and Stability of Metals :

Civilization and Surface mechanism of the corrosion of the metals; Thermodynamics and the stability of metals, Potential -pH (or Pourbaix) Diaphragmsl; uses and abuses, Corrosion current and corrosion potential -Evans diagrams. Measurement of corrosion rate : (i0 Weight Loss method, (ii) Electrochemical Method. **Inhibiting Corrosion :** Cathodic and Anodic Protection. (i) Inhibition by addition of substrates to the electrolyte environment, (ii) by charging the corroding method from external source, anodic Protection, Organic inhibitors, The fuller Story Green inhibitors. **Passivation :** Structure of Passivation films, Mechanism of Passivation, Spontaneous Passivation Nature's method for stabilizing surfaces.

Unit III

Bioelectrochemistry :

bioelectrodics, Membrane Potentials, Simplistic theory, Modern theory, Electrical conductance in biological organism: Electronic, Protonic electrochemical mechanism of nervous systems, enzymes as electrodes.

Kinetic of Electrode Process :

Essentials of Electrode reaction. Current Density, Overpotential, Tafel Equation, Butler Volmer equation. Standard rate constant (K0) and Transfer coefficient (a), Exchange Current. **Irreversible Electrode processes :** Criteria of irreversibility, informatino from irreversible wave.

Unit IV

Methods of determining kinetic parameters for quasi-rversible and irreversible waves : Koutecky's methods, Meits Israel Method, Gellings method.

Electrocatalysis :

Chemical catalysts and Electrochemical catalysts with special reference to purostates, porphyrin oxides of rare earths. Electrocatalysis in simple redox reactions, in reaction involving adsorbed species. Influence of various parameters.

Unit V

Potential Sweep Method :

Linear sweep Voltammetry, Cyclic Voltammetry, theory and applications. Diagnostic criteria of cycli voltammetry. Controlled current microelectrode techniques : comparison with controlled potentials methods, chronopotentiometry, theory ad applications.

Bulk Electrolysis Methods :

Controlled potential coulometry, Controlled Coulometry, Electroorganic synthesis and its important applications. Stripping analysis : anodic and Cathodic modes, Pre electrolysis and Stripping steps, applications of Stripping Analysis.

Books Suggested

- 1. Modern Electrochemistry Vol. I, IIa, Vol. IIB J'OM Bockris and A.K.N. Reddy, Plenum Publication, New York.
- 2. Polarographic Techniques by L. Meites, Interscience.
- 3. "Fuel Cells : Thjeir electrochemistry". McGraw Hill Book Company, New York.
- 4. Modern Polarographic Methods by A.M. Bond, Marcell Dekker.
- 5. Polarography and allied techniques by K. Zutshi, New age International publicatin. New Delhi.
- 6. "Electroaalytical Chemistry by Basil H. Vessor & Galen W.; Wiley Interscience.
- 7. Electroanalytical Chemistry by Basil H. Vessor & alen w. ; Wiley Interscience.
- 8. Topics in pure and Applied Chemistry, Ed. S. K. Rangrajan, SAEST Publication, Karaikudi (India)

MCH-609: Medicinal Chemistry

Unit I

Structure and activity : Relationship between chemical structure and biological activity (SAR). Receptor Site Theory. Approaches to drug design. Introduction to combinatorial synthesis in drug discovery. Factors affecting bioactivity. QSAR-Free-Wilson analysis, Hansch analysis, relationship between Free-Wilson analysis and Hansch analysis.

Unit II

Pharmacodynamics:

Introduction, elementary treatment of enzymes stimulation, enzyme inhibition, sulfonamides, membrane active drugs, drug metabolism, xenobiotics, biotransformation, significance of drug metabolism in medicinal chemistry.

Unit III

Antibiotics and antibacterials

Introduction, Antibiotic β -Lactam type - Penicillins, Cephalosporins, Antitubercular – Streptomycin, Broad spectrum antibiotics – Tetracyclines, Anticancer - Dactinomycin (Actinomycin D)

Unit IV

Antifungal – polyenes, Antibacterial – Ciprofloxacin, Norfloxacin, Antiviral – Acyclovir

Antimalarials : Chemotherapy of malaria. SAR. Chloroquine, Chloroguanide and Mefloquine

Unit V

Non-steroidal Anti-inflammatory Drugs : Diclofenac Sodium, Ibuprofen and Netopam

Antihistaminic and antiasthmatic agents : Terfenadine, Cinnarizine, Salbutamol and Beclomethasone dipropionate.

PRACTICAL

(Duration: 6-8 hrs in each branch) Practical examination shall be conducted separately for each branch.

Inorganic Chemistry	
Preparation	12
Spectrophotometric Determinations/	
Flame Photometric Determinations	12
Record	04
Viva Voice	05

Preparation

Preparation of selected inorganic compounds and their study by IR, electronic spectra, and magnetic susceptibility measurements. Handling of air and moisture sensitive compounds involving vacuum lines. Selection can be made from the following :

- 1. Sodium amide. Inorg. Synth., 1946, 2, 128.
- 2. Atomic absorption analysis of Mg and Ca.
- 3. Synthesis of trichlorodiphenylantimony (V) hydrate. Inorg. Synths., 1985, 23, 194
- 4. Sodium tetrathionate $Na_2S_4O_6$.
- 5. Metal complex of dimethyl sulfoxide : CuCl₂.2DMSO J.Chem. Educ., 1982, 59, 57.
- 6. Synthesis of metal acethylacetonate : Inorg. Synths, 1957, 5, 130, 1963, 1, 183.
- 7. Cis and Trns $[Co(en)_2CI_2]^+$.
- Determination of Cr (III) complex. [Cr(H₂O)₆]NO₃.3HO,. Inorg. synths., 1972, 13, 184.
- 9. Preparation and use of Ferrocene. J. Chem. Edu. 1966, 43, 73; 1976, 53, 730.
- 10. Preparation of [Co(phenathroline-5,6 quinone)].

Spectrophotometric Determinations

- a. Manganese/Chromium in steel sample.
- b. Nickel by extractive spectrophotometric method.
- c. Fluoride/nitrite/phosphate.

d. Copper-Ethylene diamine complex : Slope-ratio method.

Flame Photometric Determinations

- a. Sodium and potassium when present together.
- b. Lithium/calcium/barium/strontium.
- c. Cadmium and magnesium in tap water.

Organic Chemistry

Extraction of Organic Compounds from Natural Sources 1	2
Spectrophotometric Determinations 1	2
Record 0	4
Viva Voice 0	5

Extraction of Organic Compounds from Natural Sources

- 1. Isolation of caffeine from tea leaves.
- 2. Isolation of casein from milk (the students are required to try some typical colour reactions of proteins).
- 3. Isolation of lactose from milk (purity of sugar should be checked by LC and PC and Rf values reported).
- 4. Isolation of nicotine dipicrate from tobacco.
- 5. Isolation of piperine from black pepper.
- 6. Isolation of lycopene from tomatoes.
- 7. Isolation of b-carotene from carrots.
- 8. Isolation of eugenol from clove.
- 9. Isolation of (+) limonine from citrus rind.

Spectroscopy

Identification of organic compounds by the analysis of their spectral data (UV, IR, PMR, CMR & MS) Spectrophotometric (UV/VIS) Estimations

- 1. Amino acids
- 2. Proteins
- 3. Carbohydrates
- 4. Ascorbic acid
- 5. Aspirin
- 6. Caffeine

Physical Chemistry

Thermodynamics	12
Polarography	12
Record	04

Viva Voice

Thermodynamics

- i. Determination of partial molar volume of solute (e.g. KCl) and solvent in a binary mixture.
- ii. Determination of the temperature dependence of the solubility of a compound in two solvents having similar intromolecular in tetractions (benzoic acid in water and in DMSO water mixture and calculate the partial molar heat of solution.

Polarography

- i. Identification and estimation of metal ions such as Cd+2, Pb+2, Zn+2, and i+2 etc. polarographically.
- ii. Study of a metal ligand complex polarographically (using Lingane's Method).

Books Suggested

- 5. Inorganic Experimens, J. Derek Woolings, VCH.
- 6. Microscale Inorganic Chemistry, Z. Szafran, R.M, Pike and M.M. Singh, Wiley.
- 7. Practical Inorganic Chemistry, G. Marr and B. W. Rockett, Van Nostrad.
- 8. The systematic Identification of Organic Compounds, R.L. Shriner and D.Y. curlin.

Note: Instead of fourth semester laboratory work, student may performed PROJECT WORK/Industrial Training in any Industrial/Research/academic Laboratory